

**2013 Nigeria Governors'
Immunization Leadership Challenge
Award**

**Independent Judging Panel
*Results Presentation***

[June 5 2014]

Presentation Outline

- **Background**
- **National Polio Achievement Award Results**
- **Polio Free Achievement Award Update**
- **Judging Panel Conclusions**
- **Suggested Areas for Improvement**
- **Next Steps**
- **Request for Feedback**
- **Appreciation**

Background-1:

- **The Nigerian Immunization Leadership Challenge Award**
 - **Sponsored by the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation**
 - **Supported by the NPHCDA, Fed. Ministry of Health, WHO**
 - **Managed by the Nigerian Governors' Forum Secretariat**
- **Promoting a leadership role for State Governors in stopping polio and improving routine immunization**
- **First challenge period: 01 January - 31st December 2012**
- **Second challenge period: 01 January 2013 -30th June 2014**
- **Two award categories focused on improving national performance and stopping polio by national goal of end 2014.**

Background-2: Award Category 1

1. “National Polio Achievement Award”
 - A single award for the “best performing state” nationally; with official recognition for best performance by zone
 - All 36 states + FCT eligible
 - Measured against 12 performance indicators
 - Performance tracked 01 January-31 December 2013

Background -3: Award Category 2

“Polio Free Achievement Award” for States that

- **have never interrupted WPV transmission for >12 months between 01 Jan. 2010 & 31 Dec. 2012**
- **contributed >10% of WPV cases reported in Nigeria in 2012 or first quarter of 2013**
- **performance tracked from 01 July 2013 to 30 June 2014**

2013 Independent Judging Panel

Dr. Oyewale Tomori (Chairman)

*President , Nigerian Academy of Science & Professor of Virology
Former Vice Chancellor, Redeemer's University, Redemption Camp, Lagos-
Ibadan Express Road*

Dr. Shehu Sule

*Rtd., Ag. Permanent Secretary
Federal Ministry of Health, Abuja*

Dr. Mercy Ahun

Special Representative to GAVI-Eligible Countries, GAVI, Geneva

Ms. Amina J. Mohammed

*Special Advisor on Post-2015 Development Planning, United Nations, New
York*

In-person meeting in Abuja, March 26-27, 2013

Challenge Performance Indicators

S/N	Category	Process Indicators	Threshold
1	Enhanced Abuja Commitments	Personal involvement of the Executive Governor in public event in support of Polio	≥1 event per quarter
2		At least one meeting between Executive Governor/Deputy Governor and LGA Chairmen to discuss polio/immunization	≥1 meeting per quarter
3		At least one meeting between Executive Governor/Deputy Governor and traditional leaders to discuss polio/immunization	≥1 meeting per quarter
4		At least one meeting of State Task Force established by Governor	≥1 meeting per quarter
5		Proportion of LGAs where daily IPDs review meeting chaired by high level LGA official	90% of LGAs
		Process /Outcome Indicators	Threshold
6	Routine Immunization	Monthly evidence of state budget release/allocation for RI	Indicator met monthly
7		Monthly evidence of review and planning on routine immunization in State Task Force meetings	Indicator met monthly
8		Immunization/DPT3 coverage	≥90% DTP3 coverage
		Outcome Indicators	Threshold
9	Disease Surveillance	% LGAs meeting both core AFP surveillance indicators	≥90% in each quarter
10		OPV (Oral Polio Vaccine) status of non-polio AFP cases	≥90% with >3 doses in each quarter
		Outcome Indicators	Threshold
11	Immunization Plus Days	Two LQAS (Lot Quality Assurance Survey) conducted	100% of LGAs accepted at ≥90% after each IPDs
12		Proportion of Wards >10% missed children	≤10% after each IPDs

Core Values Analysis

Core Values Category	Indicator
Leadership	State Level: At least one meeting between Governor with LGA chairmen to discuss priority actions to improve polio and routine immunization each quarter
	State Level: At least one meeting between Governor with traditional leaders to review their involvement in polio and routine immunization each quarter
	LGA Level: Proportion of LGAs where daily Immunization Plus Days (IPDs) review meetings are chaired by a high level LGA official, i.e., LGA chairman or LGA HOD/PHC Dept.
Commitment	Personal involvement of HE Governor in public event in support of polio (e.g. meeting with key stakeholders, IPDs flag off, Polio Awareness Days) each quarter
	At least one meeting of the State Task Force or similar high-level oversight committee established by the Governor to oversee polio and routine immunization activities each quarter
Ownership	Monthly evidence of state budgeted release of funding for routine immunization
	Monthly evidence of review and planning on routine immunization in State Task Force or equivalent planning meeting
Outcome/ Results	Proportion of Wards with >10% missed children during IPDs
	Proportion of LGAs accepted at >90% LQAS coverage during IPDs
	OPV status of non-polio Acute Flaccid Paralysis (NPAFP) cases: ≥3 doses
	LGAs meeting both Acute Flaccid Paralysis (AFP) surveillance indicators
	% improvement in routine immunization coverage over the 1-year award period

The Results

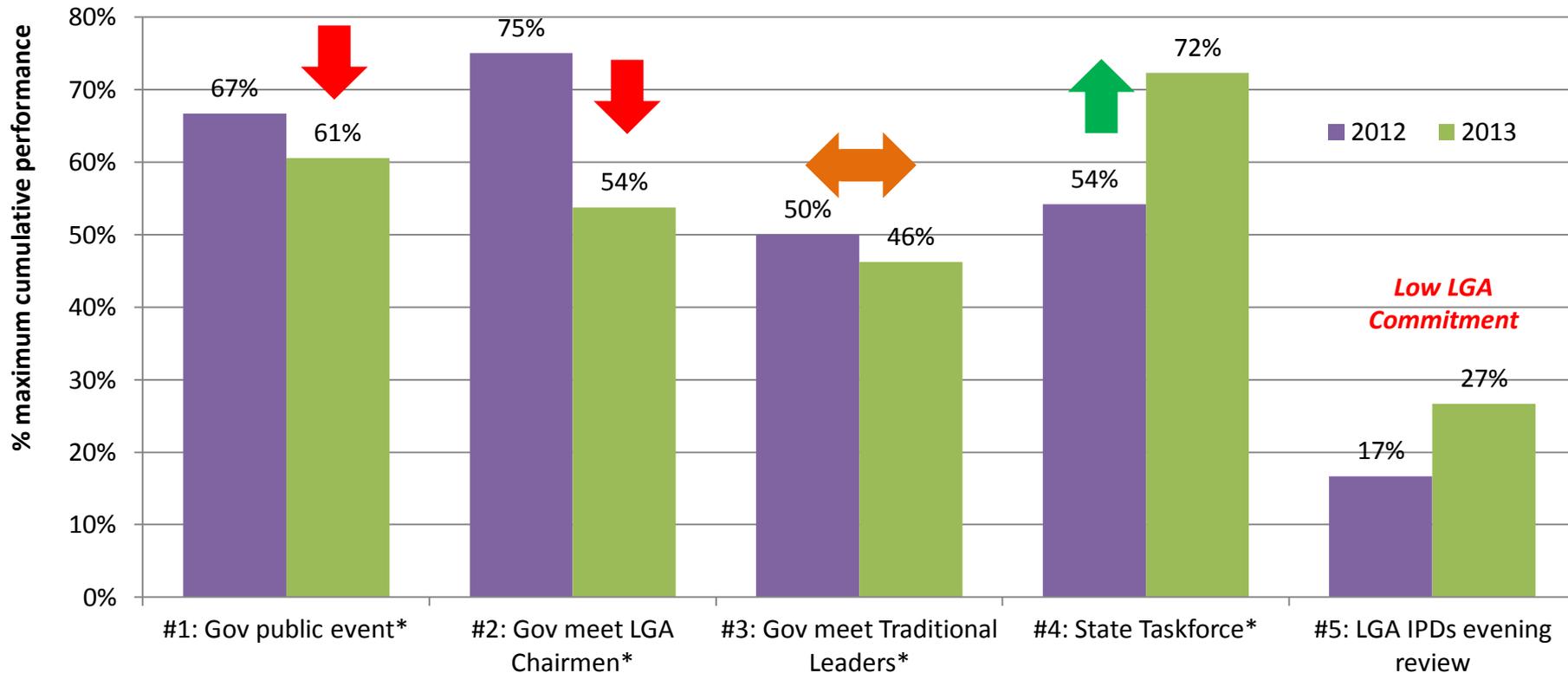
Evidence Submission

More states submitted evidence in 2012 (32) than in 2013 (28)

Zone	States with no evidence, 2012		States with no evidence, 2013	
	#	State Names	#	State Names
North	2	Benue,	3	Benue, FCT,
Central		Nasarawa		Nasarawa
North East	1	Taraba	3	Adamawa, Gombe, Taraba
North West	1	Kaduna	0	
South East	0		1	Enugu
South South	1	Bayelsa	1	Akwa-Ibom
South West			1	Oyo
Total	5 states with no evidence		9 states with no evidence	

Performance Trend: Abuja Commitments

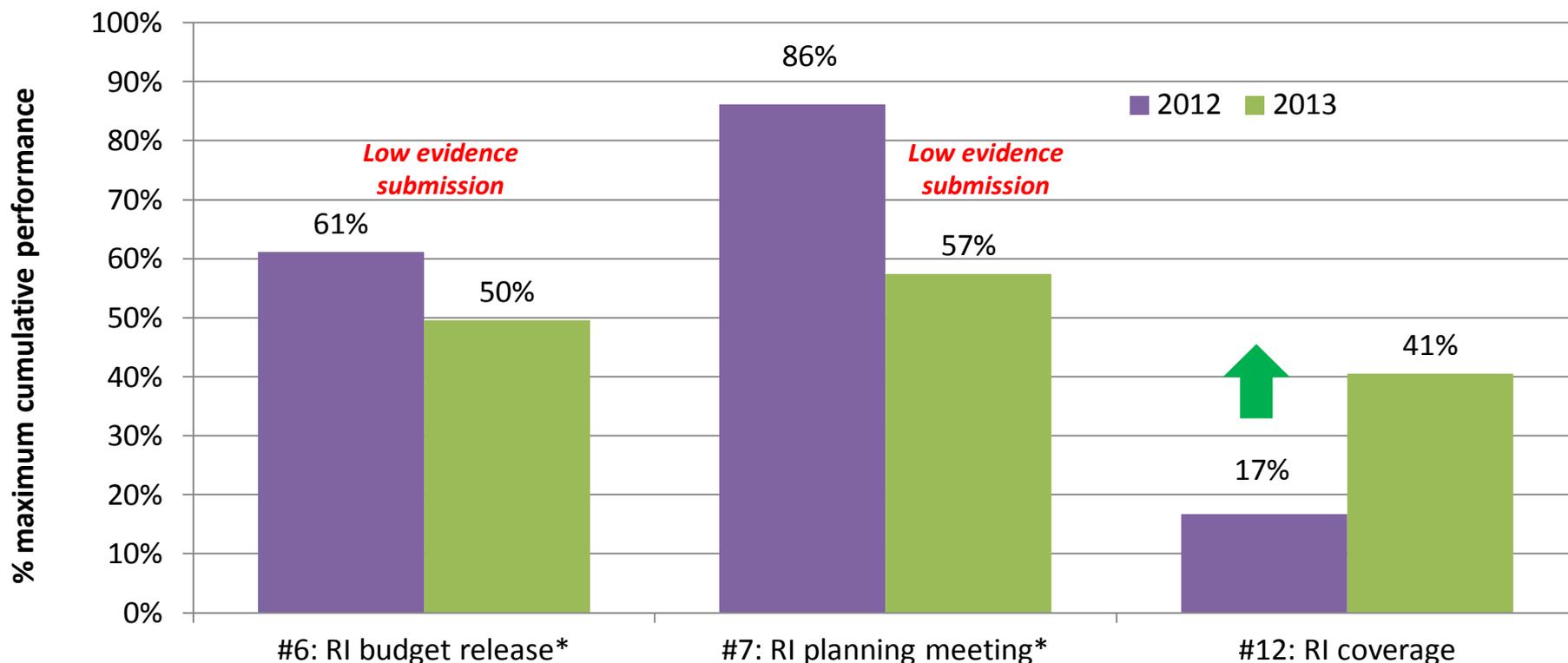
- **Governors' Political Commitment** declined in 2013
- **State Taskforce Meetings** are being held more regularly
- **LGA-level political commitment** remains very low



*A lower rate of evidence submission by states in 2013 versus 2012 may have affected overall performance for these indicators.

Performance Trend: Routine Immunization

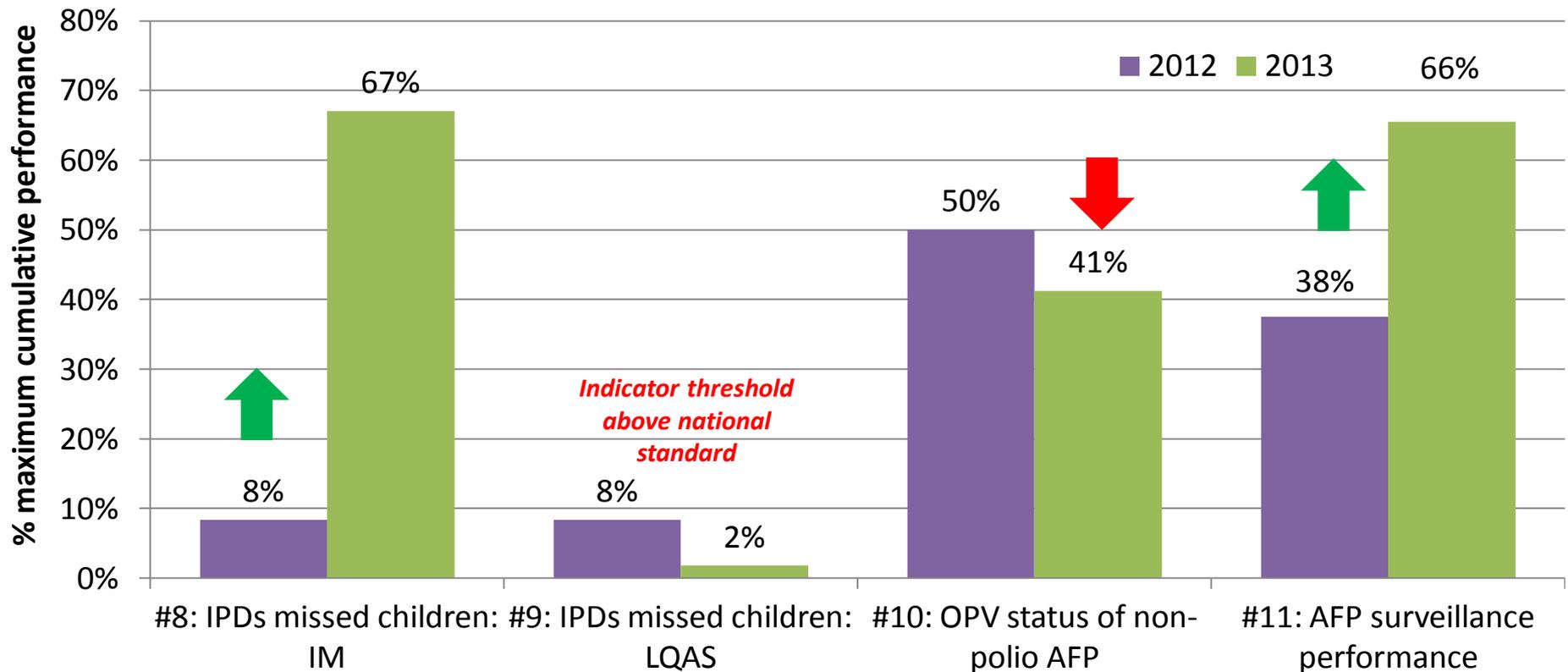
- Fewer states submitted evidence to show monthly RI budget release and planning, so documented performance was lower
- Routine Immunization coverage increased



*A lower rate of evidence submission by states in 2013 versus 2012 may have affected overall performance for these indicators.

Performance Trend: Polio Outcomes

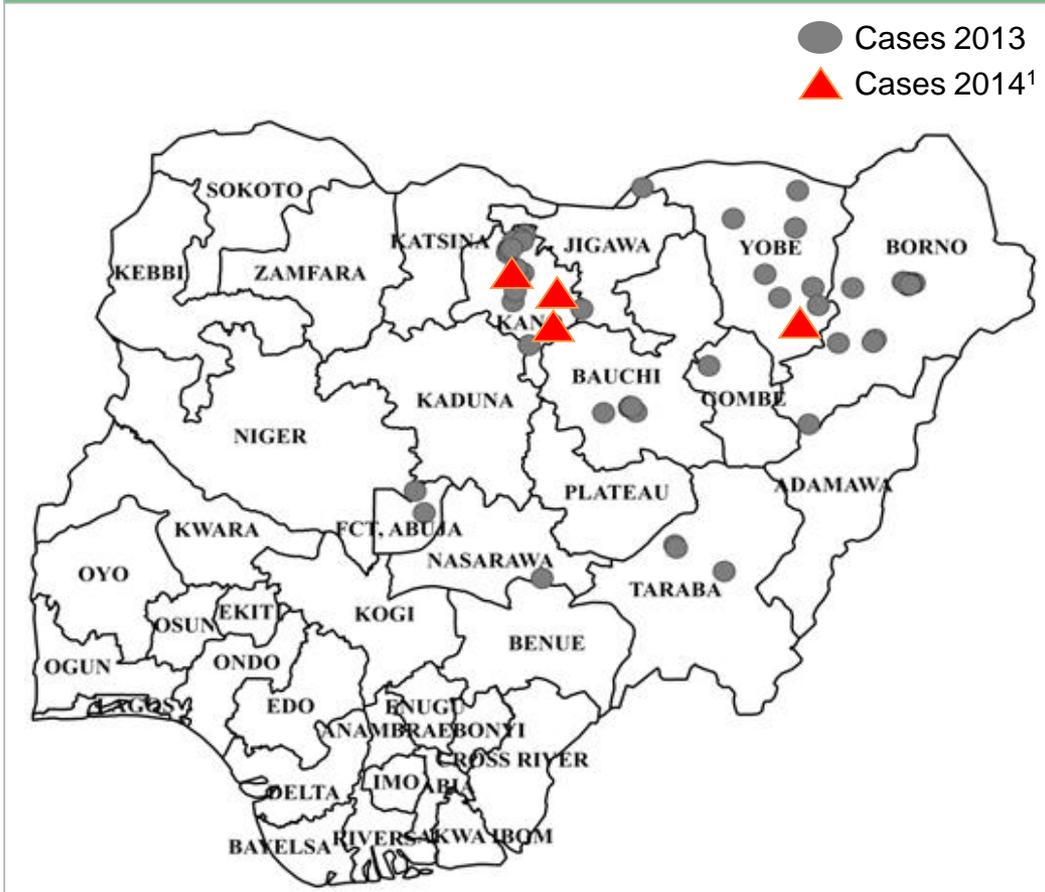
- Polio program outcomes generally increased in 2013, especially in High Risk northern states
- The LQAS indicator threshold higher than the standard, leading to overall low performance



Polio cases have declined dramatically

We can still reach our goal and stop polio transmission in 2014!

Location of WPV1 cases



Breakdown by state

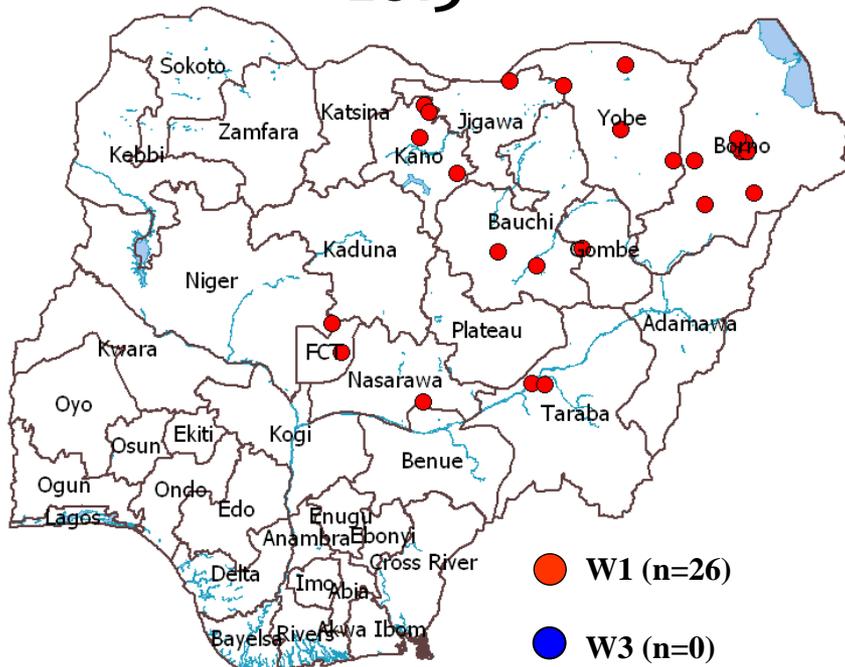
Total WPV cases

	2012	2013	2014 ¹
Kano	28	15	3
Borno	8	17	0
Yobe	6	8	1
Bauchi	3	6	0
Taraba	1	3	0
Fct, Abuja	2	1	0
Niger	2	1	0
Nasarawa	2	1	0
Gombe	2	1	0
Katsina	34	1	0
Kaduna	15	1	0
Jigawa	0	1	0
Sokoto	8	0	0
Zamfara	8	0	0
TOTAL	122	53	0

Polio cases have declined dramatically

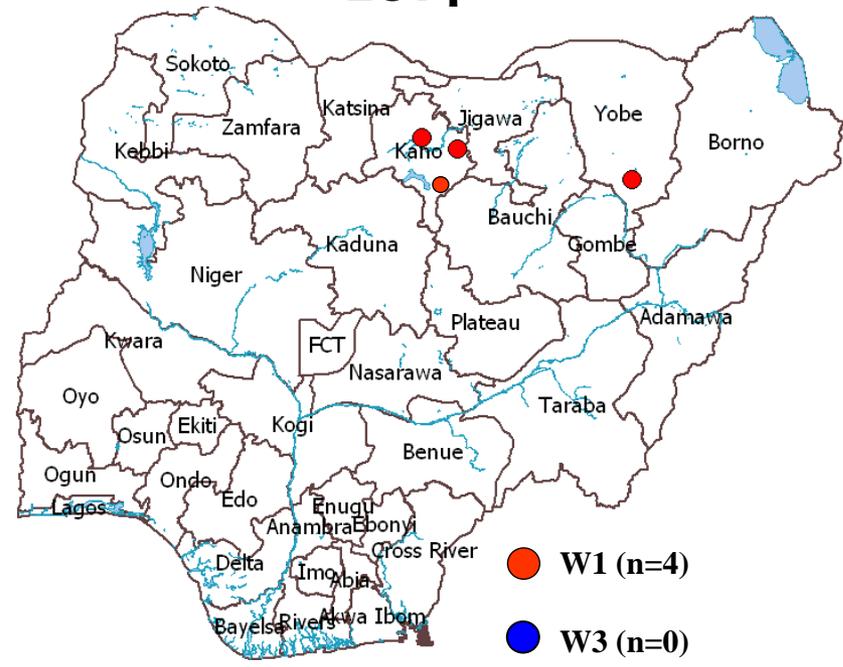
Wild Poliovirus distribution 2013 & 2014 as of Week 24

2013



Infected States: 9

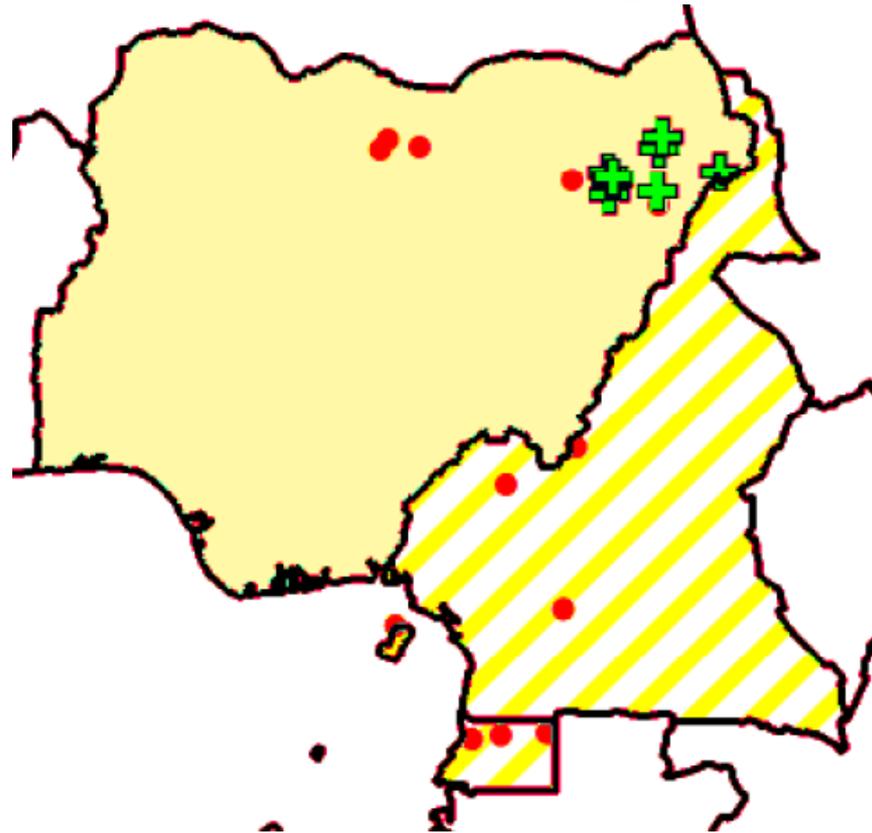
2014



Infected State: 2

But threats to progress are real

The possibility of polio importation from Cameroon and Equatorial Guinea is a major challenge



Circulating wild and vaccine-derived poliovirus, previous 6 months

-  Infected country
-  Endemic country
-  Wild virus type 1
-  cVDPV2

States demonstrating low performance over both years are a cause for concern

S/N	Persistently Poor Performing States	Performance Trend: Percentage Difference (10% change significant)** Improved, Stagnant, Declined	Challenge Performance <i>Percentage of maximum total score</i>	
			2012	2013
1	Kaduna	47% ↑	1%	48%
2	Taraba	11% ↑	12%	23%
3	Bayelsa	9% →	9%	18%
4	Sokoto	8% →	37%	45%
5	Niger	6% →	42%	48%
6	Yobe	5% →	28%	33%
7	Benue	2% →	3%	5%
8	Osun	-4% →	46%	42%
9	Nasarawa	-4% →	19%	15%
10	Bauchi	-6% →	51%	45%
11	Gombe	-17% ↓	36%	19%
12	Ogun	-21% ↓	46%	25%
13	Akwa Ibom	-22% ↓	33%	11%
14	Adamawa	-22% ↓	36%	14%
15	Oyo	-31% ↓	41%	10%
16	Enugu	-48% ↓	48%	0%

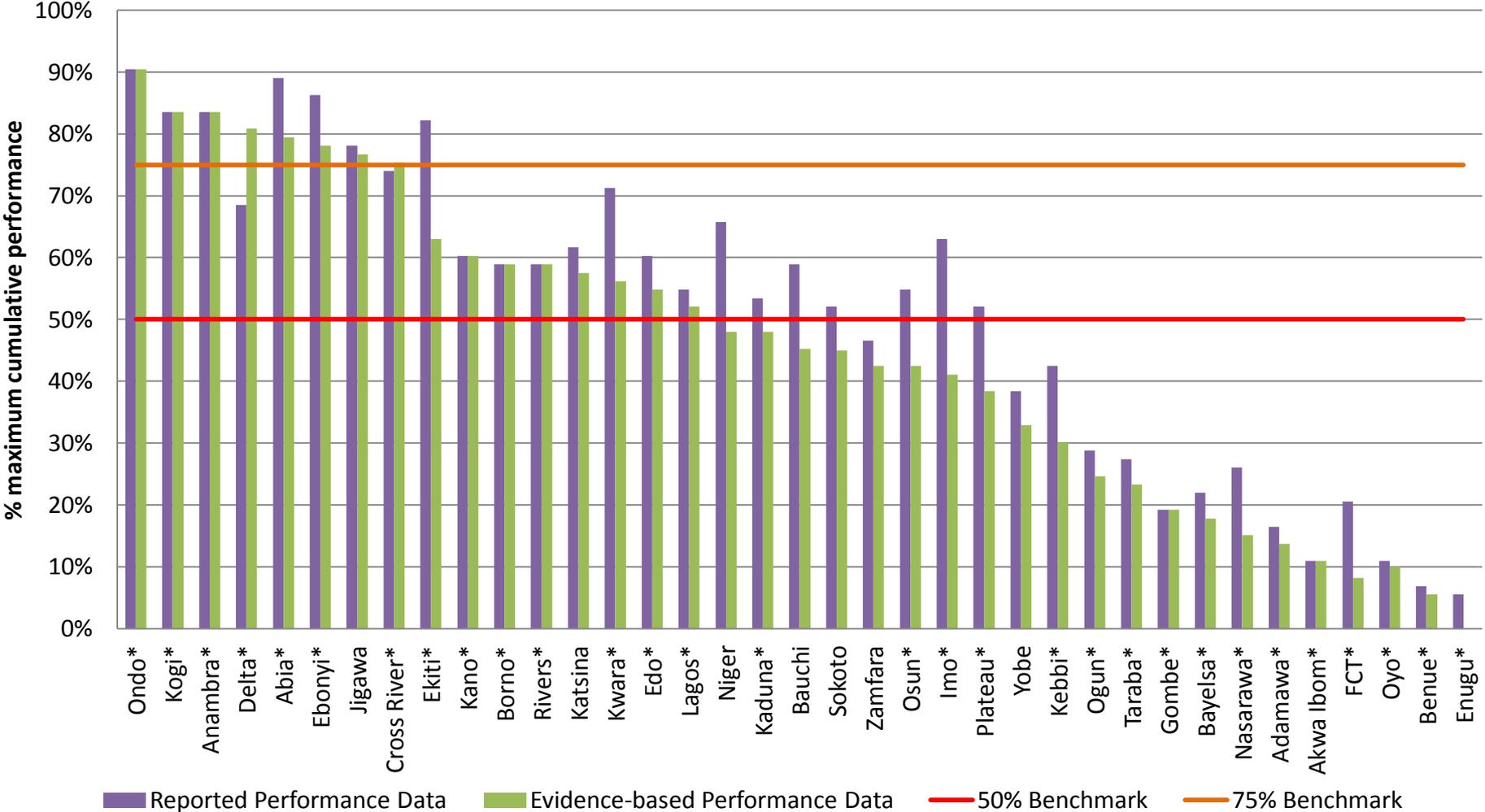
*Defined as any state which has not achieved at least 50% of the total possible performance score in either 2012 or 2013.

**Improved=Increase by ≥10 percentage points; Stagnant=Change of <10 percentage points; Declined=Decrease by ≤10 percentage points.

Highlights of 2013 Best Practices

STATE	2013 BEST PRACTICES
Katsina	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Flag-off of a polio campaign in the state with participation of 6 visiting Governors.• Use of political platforms or events to demonstrate leadership commitment, oversight of polio and immunization.
Kano	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Only state where Deputy governor has consistently, relentlessly monitored and supervised every polio campaign since 2012. Not missing any campaign except if outside the country, moves from house-to-house from am to pm ensuring every eligible child in Kano is immunized.
Kogi	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Despite security challenges, Governor continues to use every available opportunity to mobilize and engage communities. His efforts have motivated all other stakeholders across the state.
Anambra	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Governor demonstrated unrivaled show of leadership, oversight and commitment in the zone participating in all immunization flag-off campaigns.
Ondo	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Governor made himself personally available to lead every Task Force meeting, flag-off and other immunization related event. Strong leadership motivated all state and LGA immunization stakeholders.• Special luncheon organized and held at the governor's residence to celebrate efforts of all health workers.

National Performance Results

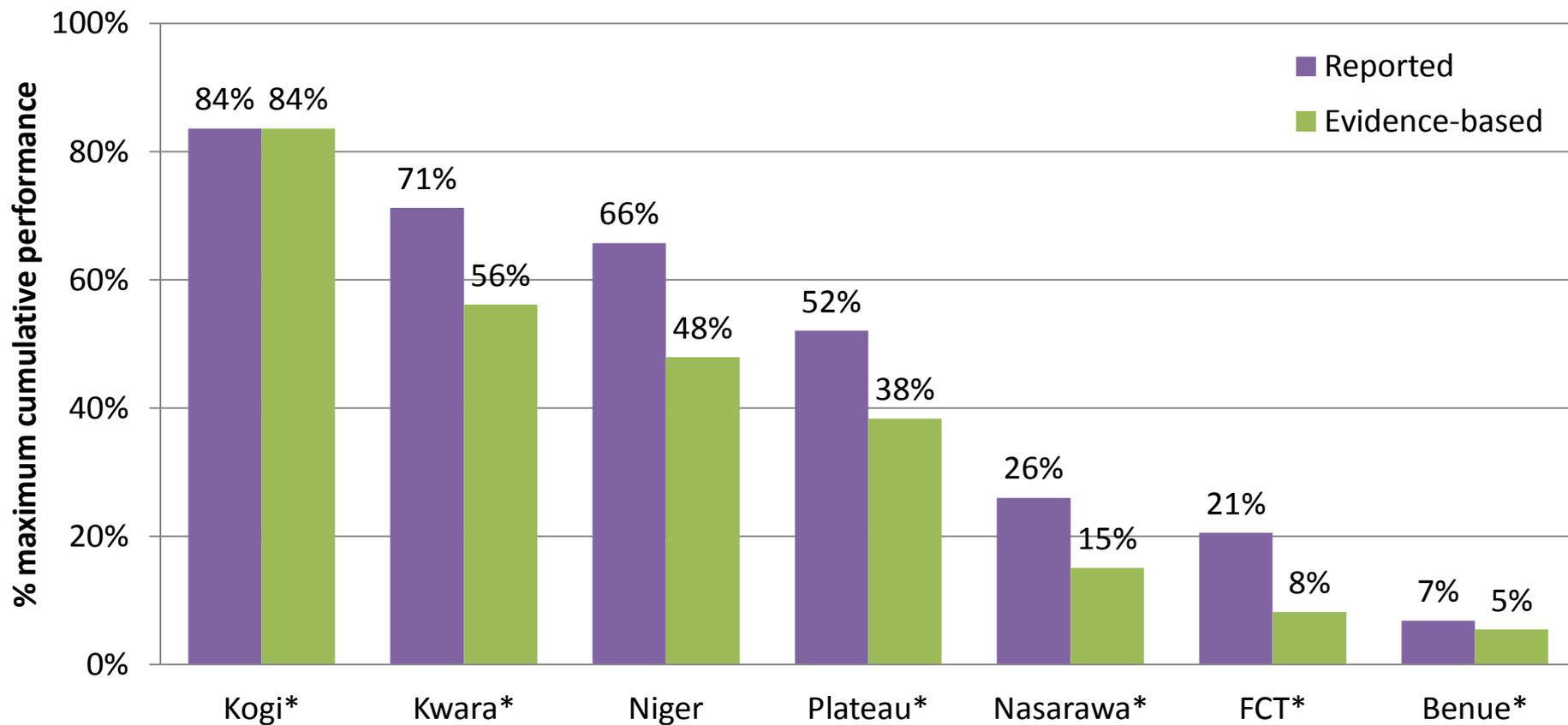


*The score for these states has been adjusted statistically against the maximum score for each quarter to allow equal comparison between states that conducted different numbers of IPDs in 2013 (8-10 in High Risk States versus 2-5 in non-High Risk States).

Best Performance category

North Central Zone

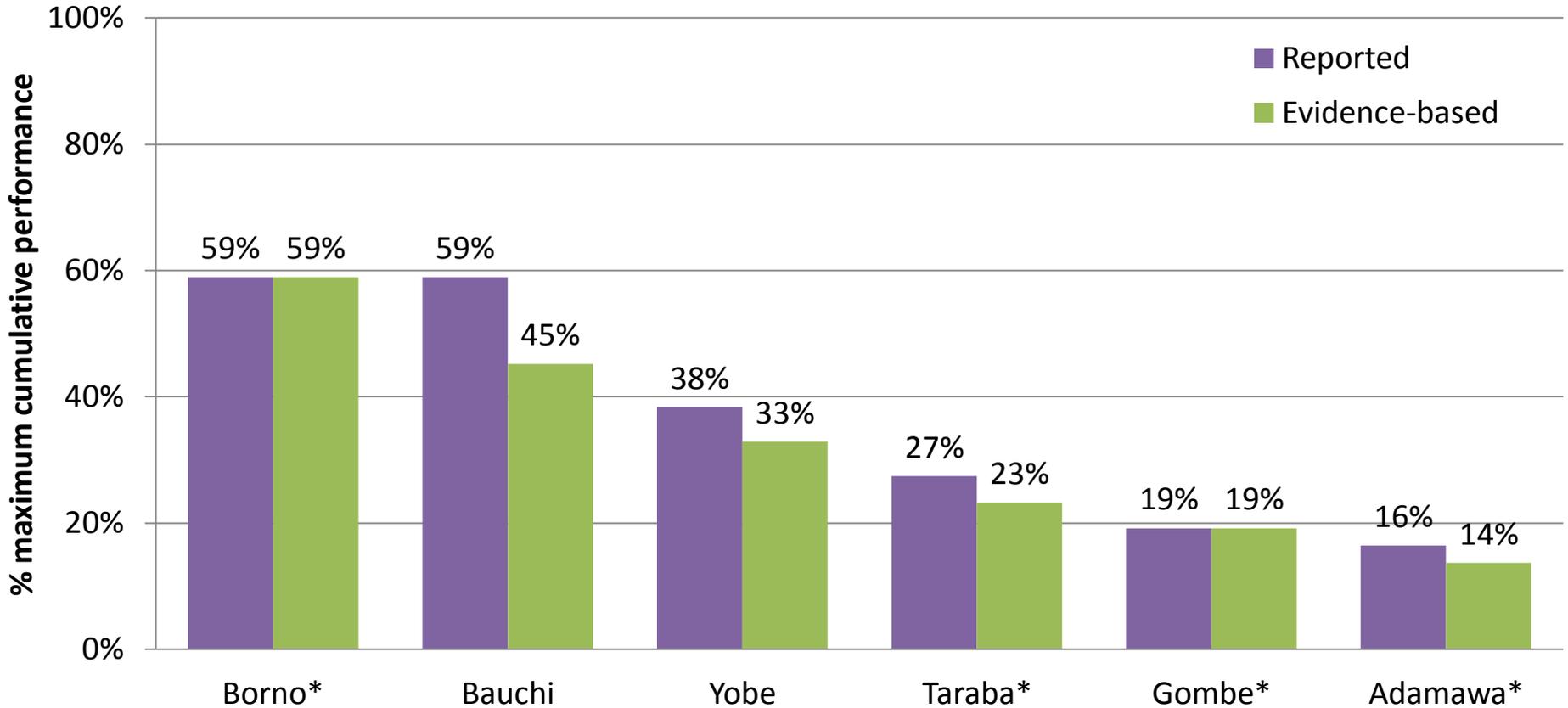
Reported versus evidence-based performance in 2013



*The score for these states has been adjusted statistically against the maximum score for each quarter to allow equal comparison between states that conducted different numbers of IPDs in 2013 (8-10 in High Risk States versus 2-5 in non-High Risk States).

Best Performance category North East Zone

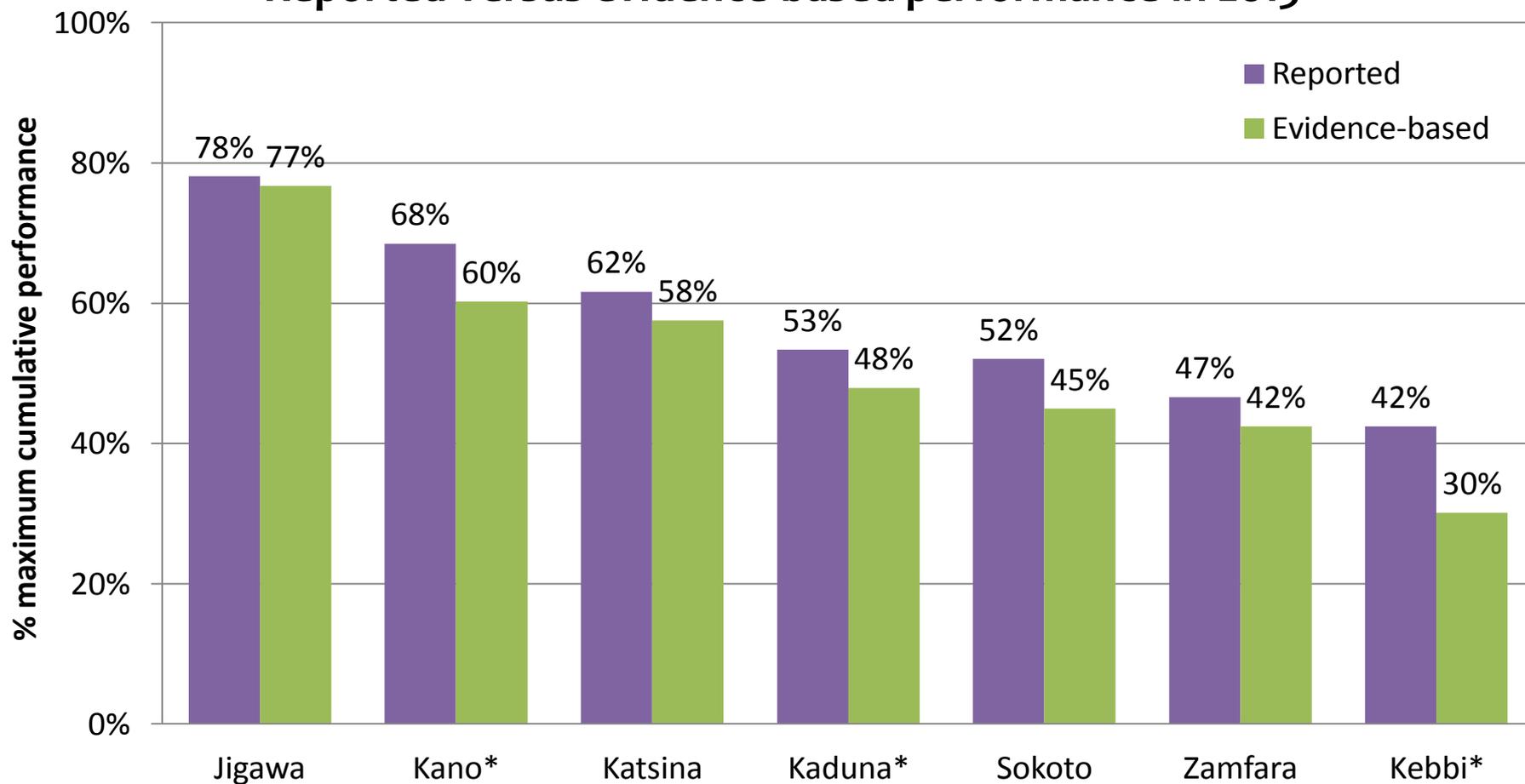
Reported versus evidence-based performance in 2013



*The score for these states has been adjusted statistically against the maximum score for each quarter to allow equal comparison between states that conducted different numbers of IPDs in 2013 (8-10 in High Risk States versus 2-5 in non-High Risk States).

Best Performance category North West Zone

Reported versus evidence-based performance in 2013

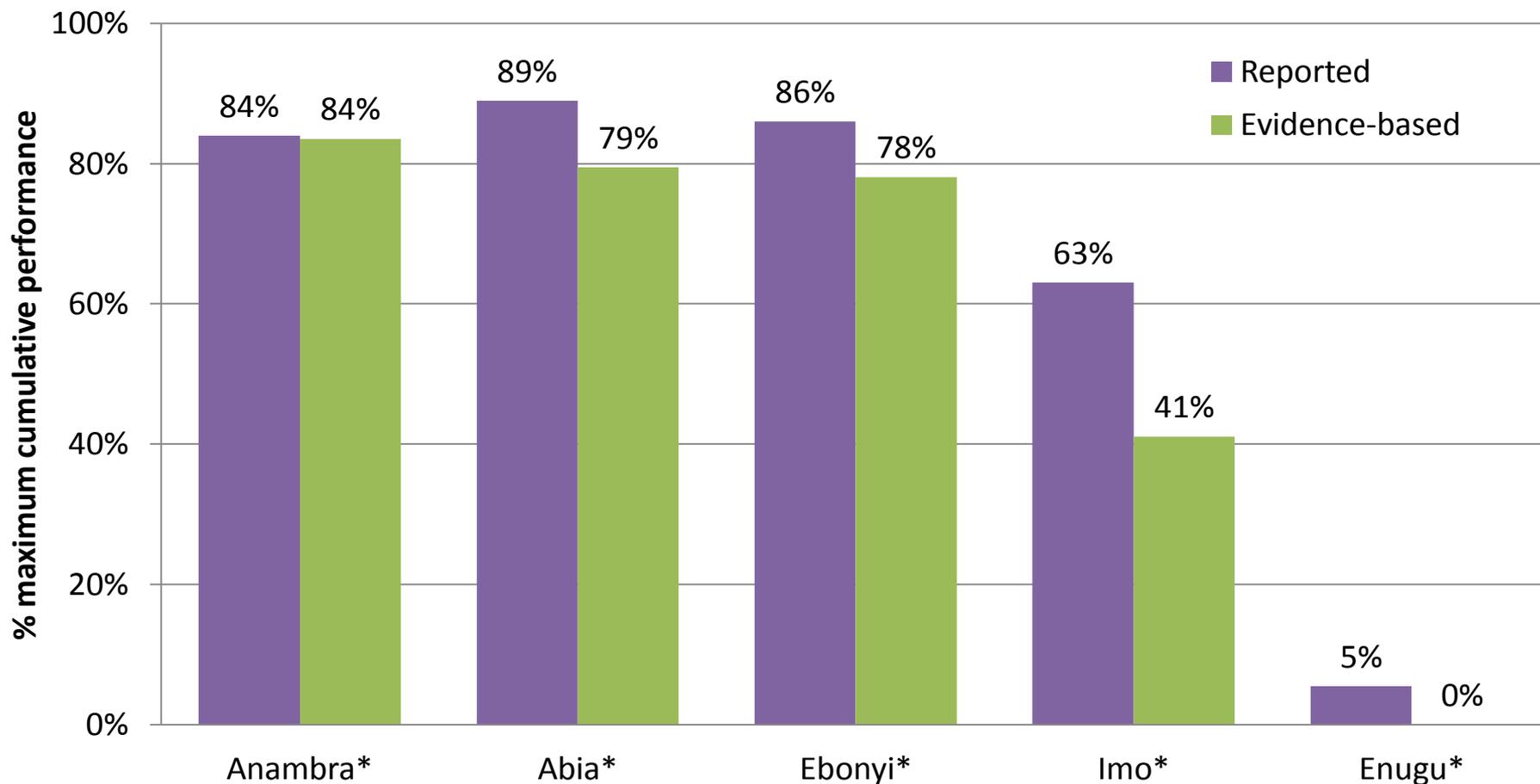


*The score for these states has been adjusted statistically against the maximum score for each quarter to allow equal comparison between states that conducted different numbers of IPDs in 2013 (8-10 in High Risk States versus 2-5 in non-High Risk States).

Best Performance category

South East Zone

Reported versus evidence-based performance in 2013

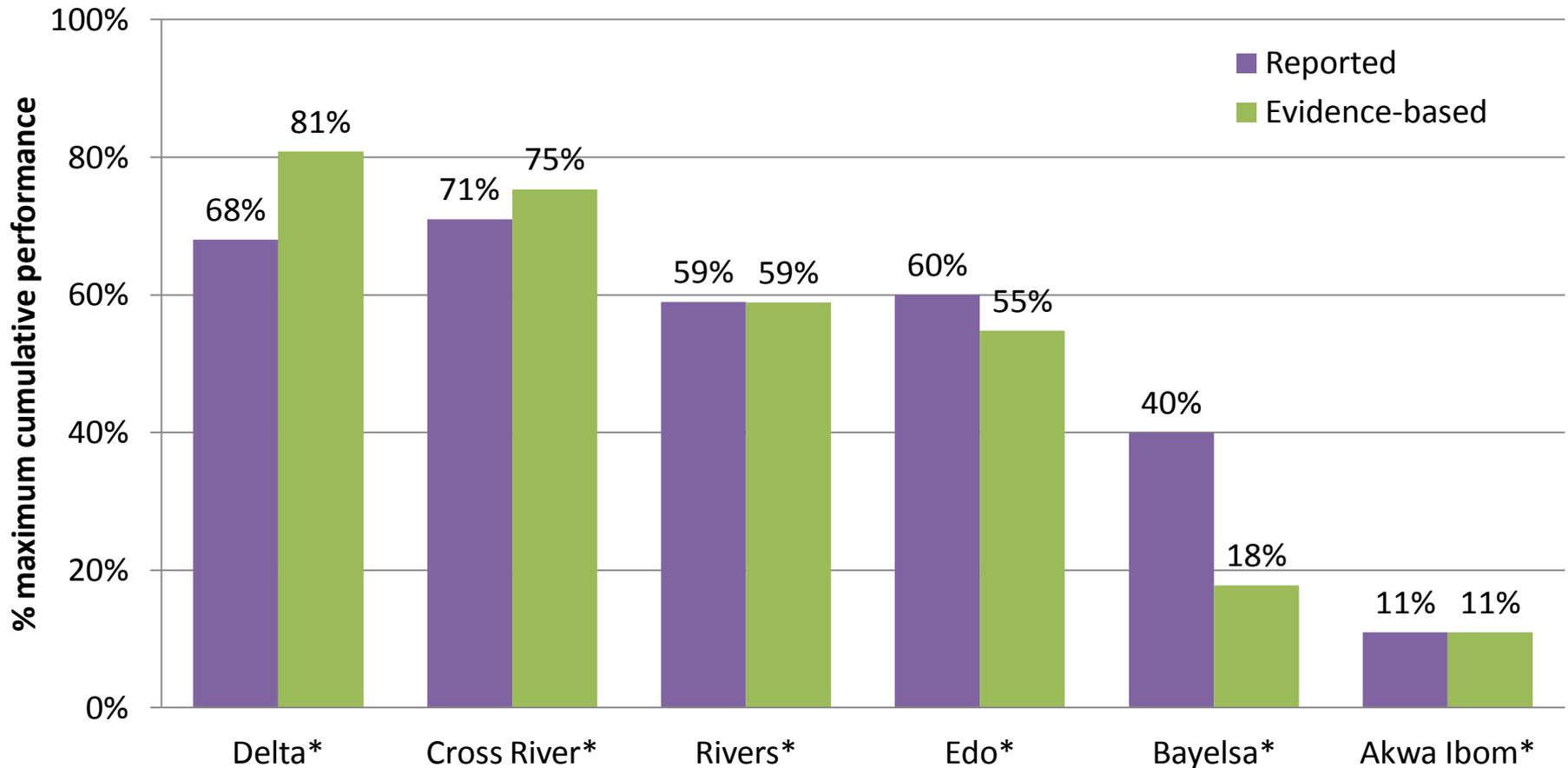


*The score for these states has been adjusted statistically against the maximum score for each quarter to allow equal comparison between states that conducted different numbers of IPDs in 2013 (8-10 in High Risk States versus 2-5 in non-High Risk States).

Best Performance category

South South Zone

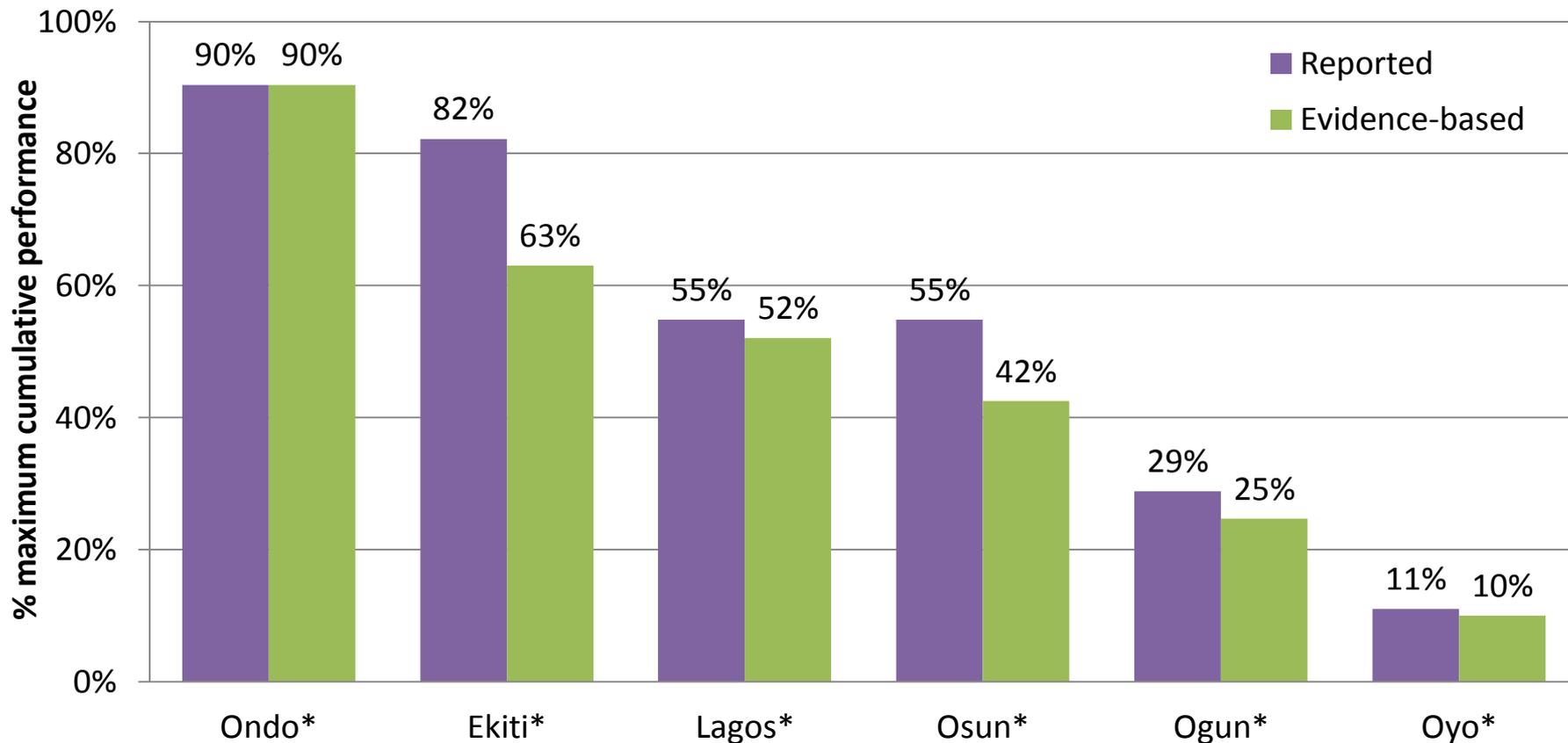
Reported versus evidence-based performance in 2013



*The score for these states has been adjusted statistically against the maximum score for each quarter to allow equal comparison between states that conducted different numbers of IPDs in 2013 (8-10 in High Risk States versus 2-5 in non-High Risk States).

Best Performance category South West Zone

Reported versus evidence-based performance in 2013



*The score for these states has been adjusted statistically against the maximum score for each quarter to allow equal comparison between states that conducted different numbers of IPDs in 2013 (8-10 in High Risk States versus 2-5 in non-High Risk States).

Summary of Results

National Achievement Award Recipient	Challenge Performance Percentage improvement in performance scores between 2011 and 2012
Ondo State	90%

Geopolitical Zone	Best Performing State by Zone	Challenge Performance Percentage of maximum total score
South West	Ondo State	90%
North Central	Kogi State	84%
South East	Anambra State	84%
South South	Delta State	81%
North West	Jigawa State	77%
North East	Borno State	59%

Award Category 2

Polio Free Achievement Award

- **Award for states that:**
 - **never interrupted WPV transmission for >12 months between January 1, 2010 and December 31, 2012**
 - **contributed to >10% of the total number of WPV cases reported in Nigeria during 2012 or first quarter of 2013**
- **WPV incidence, the only performance indicator**
- **Performance tracked from 01 July 2013 to 30 June 2014**
- **Originally, 7 Eligible States:**
 - **Borno, Kaduna, Kano, Katsina, Sokoto, Yobe and Zamfara**

Polio Free Achievement Award Update

Four states are still eligible for awards in this category, which ends in June

Reported Wild Poliovirus Cases in Eligible States, July 2013 through April 2014 (as of May 13, 2014)

State	2013												2014					
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
Borno	1	3	3	3	0	3	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0		
Kano	0	0	0	2	1	2	5	1	2	2	0	0	0	1	1	0		
Yobe	1	2	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		
Kaduna	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Katsina	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Sokoto	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Zamfara	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
National	4	7	6	7	2	10	7	4	3	2	0	1	0	1	1	1		

Polio Free Achievement Award period. State eligible for award.

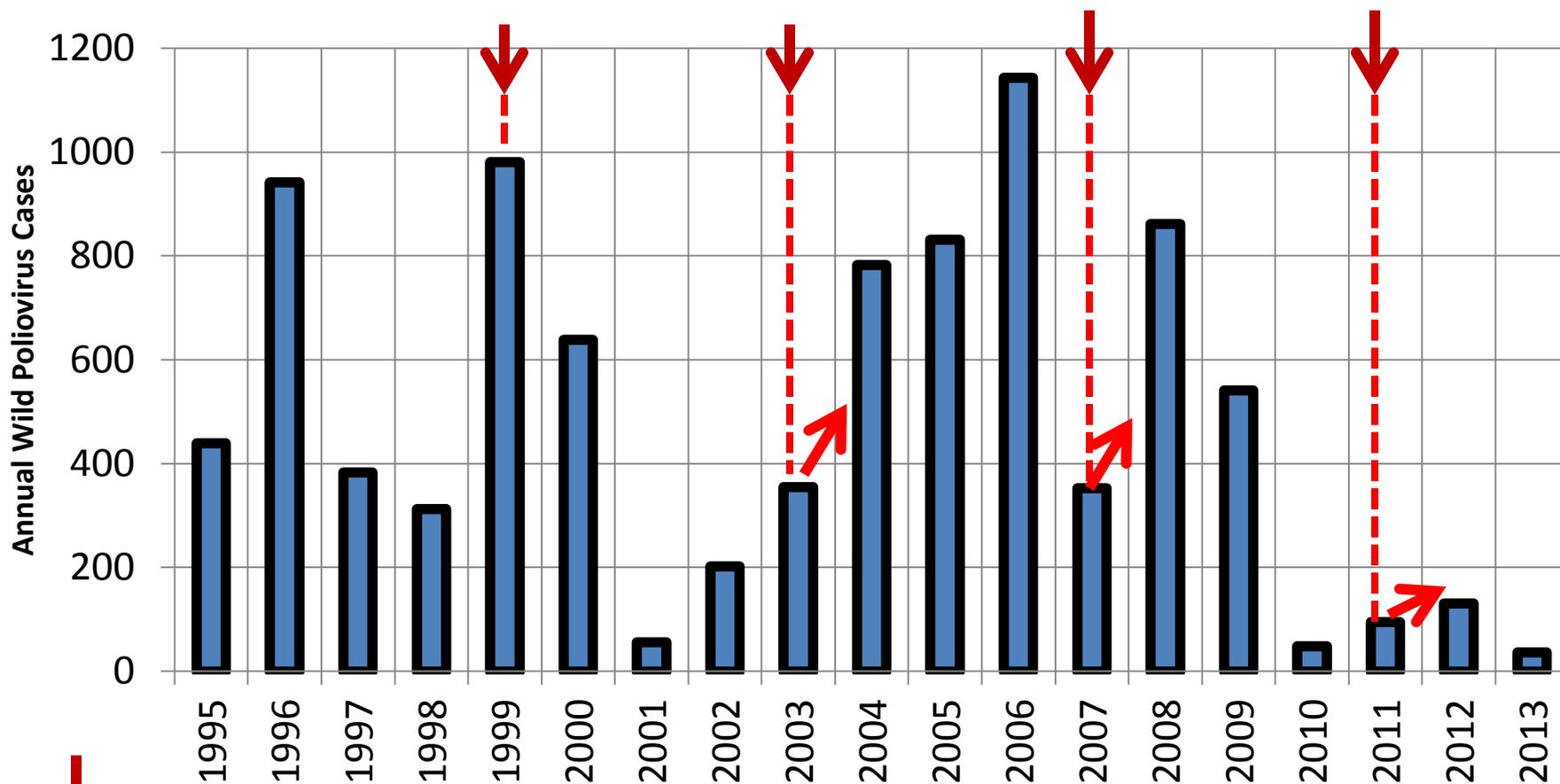
WPV reported during award period. State ineligible for award.

Judging Panel Conclusions

1. Successes seen in polio and routine immunization in 2013 are the result of effective leadership in 2012. **Governors must continue commitment to see results in 2014.**
2. Governors must work to **ensure that program outcomes are owned by ALL LEVELS:** State Health Officials, LGA Leadership, partner agencies and communities.
3. Complacency in currently polio-free states could lead to the spread of polio back to previously polio-free zones. **All states must be vigilant.**
4. **With the 2015 elections around the corner, national, state and local leaders must make a concerted effort to sustain the current momentum towards polio eradication.**

Polio & Elections in Nigeria: History

In the past, elections have distracted key leaders and led to polio resurgence



↓
National elections

, apart from 1999, when the issue of 2nd /3rd term was not on the agenda, each election year has produced increase in polio cases in subsequent years

Suggested Areas for Improvement

- **Strive for consistent, effective leadership in all states**
 - Must follow up on directives and ensure implementation yields results
- **Prioritize timely release of program funds and carefully monitor use of allocated funds**
- **Strengthen engagement with state health teams, LGA leadership and communities**
- **Improve documentation and reporting: Some activities were not documented/reported by states**
- **Include women in decision-making and oversight roles**

Feedback Requested

- **Is the measurement and recognition scheme useful?**
- **Should the competition continue, even after polio is eradicated?**
- **If yes, should it be sponsored by a national private organization, but still retain current operations and methodologies?**
- **Any suggestion(s) for improvement of future editions of this mechanism?**

Appreciation

Distinguished Governors and cherished Leaders. Your year long commitment to the issues of polio eradication and improving routine immunization in Nigeria, has propelled our country to the verge of success. While sincerely appreciating your efforts, you must continue to provide the leadership required to free Nigeria from polio and ensure that our children are protected from disease preventable diseases.

Thank you all. We appreciate you all.